(b) Priority shall be given to applicants who are Indians.

§ 36.332 Service obligation.

The service obligation provided in section 338G(b)(2) of the Public Health Service Act shall be met by the recipient of an Indian Health Scholarship by service in:

- (a) The Indian Health Service.
- (b) An urban Indian organization assisted under Subdivision J-6.
- (c) In private practice of his or her profession if, the practice (1) is situated in a health manpower shortage area, designated under section 332 of the Public Health Service Act and (2) addresses the health care needs of a substantial number of Indians as determined by the Secretary in accordance with guidelines of the Service.

[42 FR 59646, Nov. 18, 1977, as amended at 50 FR 1855, Jan. 14, 1985]

§ 36.333 Distribution of scholarships.

The Secretary, acting through the Service, shall determine the distribution of Indian Health Scholarships among the health professions based upon the relative needs of Indians for additional service in specific health professions. In making that determination the needs of the Service will be given priority consideration. The following factors will also be considered:

- (a) The professional goals of recipients of scholarships under section 103 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act; and
- (b) The professional areas of study of Indian applicants.

§ 36.334 Publication of a list of recipients.

The Secretary, acting through the Service, will publish annually in the FEDERAL REGISTER a list of recipients of Indian Health Scholarships, including the name of each recipient, tribal affiliation if applicable, and school.

SUBDIVISION J-5—CONTINUING EDUCATION ALLOWANCES

§36.340 Provision of continuing education allowances.

In order to encourage physicians, dentists and other health professionals to join or continue in the Service and

to provide their services in the rural and remote areas where a significant portion of the Indian people reside, the Secretary, acting through the Service, may provide allowances to health professionals, employed in the Service in order to enable them to leave their duty stations for not to exceed 480 hours of professional consultation and refresher training courses in any one year.

SUBDIVISION J-6—CONTRACTS WITH URBAN INDIAN ORGANIZATIONS

§36.350 Contracts with Urban Indian organizations.

- (a) The Secretary, acting through the Service, to the extent that funds are available for the purpose, shall contract with urban Indian organizations selected under §36.351 of this subdivision to carry out the following activities in the urban centers where such organizations are situated:
- (1) Determine the population of urban Indians which are or could be recipients of health referral or care services;
- (2) Identify all public and private health service resources within the urban center in which the organization is situated which are or may be available to urban Indians;
- (3) Assist such resources in providing service to such urban Indians;
- (4) Assist such urban Indians in becoming familiar with and utilizing such resources;
- (5) Provide basic health education to such urban Indians;
- (6) Establish and implement manpower training programs to accomplish the referral and education tasks set forth in paragraphs (a)(3) through (5) of this section;
- (7) Identify gaps between unmet health needs of urban Indians and the resources available to meet such needs;
- (8) Make recommendations to the Secretary and Federal, State, local, and other resource agencies on methods of improving health service programs to meet the needs of urban Indians; and
- (9) Prove or contract for health care services to urban Indians where local

§ 36.351

health delivery resources are not available, not accessible, or not acceptable to the urban Indians to be served.

(b) Contracts with urban Indian organizations pursuant to this title shall be in accordance with all Federal contracting laws and regulations except that, in the discretion of the Secretary, such contracts may be negotiated without advertising and need not conform to the provisions of the Act of August 24, 1935 as amended, (The Miller Act, 40 U.S.C. 270a et seq. which is concerned with bonding requirements).

(c) Payments under contracts may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement and in such installments and on such conditions as the Secretary deems necessary to carry out the purposes of title V of the Act.

- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Secretary may, at the request or consent of an urban Indian organization, revise or amend any contract made by him with such organization pursuant to this subdivision as necessary to carry out the purposes of title V of this Act: Provided, however, that whenever an urban Indian organization requests retrocession of the Secretary for any such contract, retrocession shall become effective upon a date specified by the Secretary not more than one hundred and twenty days from the date of the request by the organization or at such later date as may be mutually agreed to by the Secretary and the organiza-
- (e) In connection with any contract made pursuant to this subdivision, the Secretary may permit an urban Indian organization to utilize, in carrying out such contract, existing facilities owned by the Federal Government within his jurisdiction under such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon for their use and maintenance.

§36.351 Application and selection.

- (a) Proposals for contracts under this subdivision shall be submitted in such form and manner and at such time as the Secretary acting through the Service may prescribe.
- (b) The Secretary, acting through the Service shall select urban Indian organizations with which to contract under this subdivision whose proposals will in

his judgment best promote the purposes of title V of the Act taking into consideration the following factors:

- (1) The extent of the unmet health care needs of the urban Indians in the urban center involved determined on the basis of the latest available statistics on disease incidence and prevalence, life expectancy, infant mortality, dental needs, housing conditions, family income, unemployment statistics, etc.
- (2) The urban Indian population which is to receive assistance in the following order of priority:
 - (i) 9,000 or more;
 - (ii) 4,500 to 9,000;
 - (iii) 3,000 to 4,500;
 - (iv) 1,000 to 3,000;
 - (v) Under 1,000.
- (3) The relative accessibility which the urban Indian population to be served has to health care services, in the urban center. Factors to be considered in determining relative accessibility include:
 - (i) Cultural barriers;
 - (ii) Discrimination against Indians;
 - (iii) Inability to pay for health care;
- (iv) Lack of facilities which provide free care to indigent persons;
- (v) Lack of state or local health programs;
- (vi) Technical barriers created by State and local health agencies;
- (vii) Availability of transportation to health care services;
- (viii) Distance between Indian residences and the nearest health care facility.
- (4) The extent to which required activities under §36.350(a) of this subdivision would duplicate any previous or current public or private health services projects in the urban center funded by another source. Factors to be considered in determining duplication include:
- (i) Urban Indian utilization of existing health services funded by other sources;
- (ii) Urban Indian utilization of existing health services delivered by an urban Indian organization funded by other sources.
- (5) The appropriateness and likely effectiveness of the activities required in §36.350(a) of this subdivision in the urban center involved.